

MAY ASK DAMAGES

Counsellor Akiyama Will Assist in Negotiating.

JAPANESE GOVERNMENT FRIENDLY

Damages May Be Asked By Japan.

Matter Will Be Settled Amicably. Arbitration Not Necessary. Who Will Decide?

Mr. Akiyama, who is here as counsellor to the Japanese Legation, fills the same important post for his Government at Tokyo. He was here in February last year, when on his way home from St. Petersburg, Russia. His visit on that occasion extended only during the 19 hours during which the steamer remained. It is his intention to travel over the islands during his present visit.

Mr. Akiyama was educated at the Imperial University, Tokyo, his special instruction being international law. He has an excellent knowledge of the English language, and converses more fluently than the average tourist from Asia. He is at present stopping at the Hawaiian Hotel, and when seen yesterday was very cordial in his treatment of a reporter for the Advertiser.

"My stay here depends entirely upon the wishes of my Government and the time it takes to finish the negotiations. The impression seems to obtain that I am here as a Commissioner, specially appointed to conduct the investigation for my Government. This is not the case; I will act as counsel and assist Minister Shimamura. The negotiations will be in the form of an investigation into the causes which led to the rejection of a number of Japanese, whom their Government permitted to leave Japan.

"Their cases were inquired into on their return, and, I may say, investigated, but, being without cable communication, it was very difficult to get all the points. But with the papers in the case from that side, and what we may get here, we think a proper understanding may be had. What my Government wishes to inquire into particularly is the reason for the rejection of these people. We feel that it is most unfortunate that it should be necessary to come to a Government that has always shown to be so friendly to Japan, but there was nothing else to do. The Japanese at home are very much excited over the affair, and it was necessary to take the step.

"The negotiations will be conducted in the most friendly manner, and, if it is found that the action of Hawaii was not according to international law, there may be a claim presented by our Government for exact damages. In the event of the Hawaiian Government declining to pay the damages, it will be asked to give its reasons. There will be no arbitration. The matter must be settled by the two Governments."

ADMINISTRATION FEELS EASY. Belief that Moral Effect of Warships is Sufficient.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—News from Yokohama and Honolulu about Japan's attitude regarding Hawaii has not caused alarm to this Government, although it is admitted matters may become serious through the state of feeling in Japan. Nothing was said on the subject at the Cabinet meeting today, and careful inquiry indicated that the action had been taken by either the Secretary of State or Navy looking to the better protection of American interests in the islands.

Nothing has been heard by the State Department from Japan as to the views and attitude of the United States toward Hawaii, as indicated by sending the cruiser Philadelphia to Honolulu after permission to land had been refused Japanese immigrants.

This Government believes there is no crisis and depends on the friendly feelings of the Japanese to bring about a peaceful settlement of the present difficulty. Secretary Long said tonight the assignment of the Philadelphia was made because the President recognized that the Hawaiian question was liable to attract the serious attention of the United States in the event of trouble at Honolulu, and in view of the importance of peace in the islands to the American residents and their interests it was deemed advisable to send a first-class ship there in addition to the Marston, now on that station. The Philadelphia, Long said, will be retained at the islands indefinitely, but if found necessary to recall either for repairs the Baltimore will be sent out at once, in order to have United States two ships at Honolulu at all times. Long does not believe a necessity will arise to dispatch other vessels from Mare Island, but if it does, he says there are several which can be drawn upon at short notice.

ON THE BEST OF TERMS. Reports of Japanese Hostility to the United States Denied.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The officials of the Japanese Legation disavowed the reports of a hostile feeling against the United States, generated in Japan by the arrival of the ship Philadelphia at Honolulu.

"The Japanese say that their country is very friendly to us, and that they cannot imagine how such stories were given the circulation they had. They state that Japan is very well satisfied with things as they are, and after the victory over China it is believed many years will elapse before Japan is plunged in war again. They cannot imagine who could have started the stories unless it was the Chinese.

JAPANESE RUMORS DENIED. England Has Not Opposed American Annexation of Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—There has been no communication from the British Government to the authorities here concerning Hawaii, and the report emanating from Japan that Great Britain had expressed disapproval of Hawaiian annexation to the United States is denied by officials.

A similar denial is made by officials of the Japanese Legation as to the

reports that negotiations had been opened between Tokyo and Washington relating to Hawaii. The Japanese Foreign Office has gazetted the promotion of the present Japanese Consul-General at Hawaii to the rank of Minister Resident. This gives him larger authority in dealing with diplomatic affairs between Japan and Hawaii, and the Legation here has no further jurisdiction on the subject, except as it may affect the relations of the United States and Japan.

BIG DEMAND FOR SEED. Farmers in Many States Going to Raise Beet Sugar.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The Agricultural Department being importuned from all parts of the country for beet sugar seed. In view of the unsatisfactory prices received for staple crops during the past few years, and the prospective increase in the duty on sugar, farmers in all sections of the union evidently intend to experiment with beet sugar culture. Heretofore beet sugar growing has been confined almost exclusively to Nebraska, Kansas and California.

The Agricultural Department has sent beet seeds this spring to about 20 States and Territories. The demand comes from Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, the Dakotas, Texas, New Mexico, Iowa, Missouri, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Tennessee, Kentucky and Virginia. There have also been requests from Pennsylvania and New York. A Nebraska sugar refining company donated five tons additional. The supply is about exhausted, but the demand continues. If successful, the industry probably will be developed in many of the States in which experiments are made this year, supplanting corn and wheat.

TURKEY'S DEMANDS. Ancient Boundary Line Must Be Respected.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The World's special from Washington says: The terms of peace which Turkey has offered Greece reached the Washington Legation today. They are as follows: Restoration of the boundary fixed by the treaty of 1831, which gave to Turkey all of Thessaly, including its extensive seacoast; evacuation by Greece of Preveza and other points in the province of Epirus; withdrawal of Greek troops from Crete, and the acceptance of the plan of autonomy for the island by the Porte; payment of a war indemnity large enough to cover the expense of mobilizing the Turkish troops. The Porte's contention that, in view of recent victories, Turkey is entitled to claim the boundary of the treaty of 1831, in addition to a war indemnity, is rejected by the powers. The Embassies have plainly given notice that Turkey cannot extend her territory at the expense of a Christian nation.

CHANGE IN MINISTRY. Opposition in Greece Gains Control of Affairs.

ATHENS, April 30.—The Legislative Assembly convoked in extraordinary session, met a second time last evening and again adjourned, 95 Deputies being present, and 194 being necessary to proceed with business. Adjournment was followed by much excitement and cries of disapproval from the galleries.

After adjournment Premier Delyannis had a long conference with the King, and the opposition Deputies had a prolonged meeting.

This morning the King summoned M. Delyannis, Premier, and called upon him to tender his resignation.

Following is the official list of the new Cabinet Ministers:

Premier and Minister of Marine—M. Ralli.

Minister of War—M. Tsamovos.

Minister of Finance—M. Simopoplo.

Minister of Education—M. Carapanos.

Minister of the Interior—M. Teonaki.

HANDS ARE TIED. Powers Must Let Greece and Turkey Fight It Out.

LONDON, April 30.—It is semi-officially stated that there is reason to believe that European intervention between Greece and Turkey in the present position of affairs is regarded as wholly impracticable, both Greece and Turkey having resolved to continue the war. The powers are thus obliged to stand aside until one of the combatants is finally defeated.

Special Commissioner to Cuba.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—W. J. Calhoun, the lawyer of Danville, Ill., who has been selected by President McKinley to represent the United States in the Spanish investigation of Dr. Ruiz, has accepted the appointment and will depart upon the health of his wife, who has been ill, becoming sufficiently improved to permit him to leave this country.

NEW YORK, April 30.—A Sun cable from Madrid says: Referring to the appointment by President McKinley of a Commissioner to go to Cuba to investigate the situation, several newspapers say the measure was taken with the consent of the Spanish Government.

Durrant's Last Appeal. SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—The attorneys for W. H. T. Durrant gave notice yesterday that they will appear before Judge Bahr next Monday and ask for the settlement of their last bill of exceptions on appeal. The bill has reference to the action of Judge Bahr in fixing a new date of execution, pursuant to the remittitur of the Supreme Court. Until the bill is settled the defendant will not be able to perfect his appeal.

May be Minister to Greece. WASHINGTON, April 30.—A strong indication is given at the White House today that Rev. Isaac S. Hays of Atlanta, Ga., has been selected for Minister to Greece, and that the nomination will go to the Senate next week. Mr. Hays was a Democrat until last autumn, when he joined the Republican party.

ABOUT RECIPROCITY. Michigan Representatives Appreciate Situation.

"I do not own or control a single share of sugar stock, and have no interest in plantations, beyond the common interest held by every person on the islands," said W. W. Dimond yesterday, "but I realize the value of the reciprocity treaty, and the importance to us of having it continued.

"Some people are narrow-minded enough to think that the benefit of the treaty has been only to the people interested in sugar, and, doing so, they harbor in their brain plans the most foolish of thoughts. If the industries of the islands were diversified, such opinions would be allowable, but while sugar is our chief industry, feeding the arteries of all other lines of business, we must nourish that which keeps life in the country.

"There is really no sentiment regarding the treaty so far as I am able

to see. In the United States it is the trust, not the people, who oppose it, and in order that the farmers may be brought over to the side of the trusts, the latter are now investing in sugar beet property. Does any one suppose that their interest in beet lands will continue after the settlement of the treaty? I hope not. To me, it seems like a bluff, and I think the farmers will see it before the bill is passed. The California merchants should favor the treaty, on account of the trade they secure from the islands, and so should manufacturers all over the United States. There is not a merchant in Honolulu who does not order from all parts of the country, and the producers over there should realize that if our revenue is reduced through the Senators of the United States killing our chief industry, then their business, as well as ours will be affected. Some of the merchants here have written to those from whom they buy their goods to use what influence they have with their representatives in Congress to do what they can for the treaty. My trade in stoves is large, but if the treaty is lost I realize very well that it will drop a half, and my trade with the Jewel stove people in Detroit will suffer to the same amount. On March 15th I sent them this letter:

"Honolulu, March 15, 1897. 'G. B. Gunderson, Esq., Secretary, Detroit Stove Works, Detroit, Michigan.

"Dear Sir:—I trust you will use all your influence with your Senator and Representative to maintain our reciprocity treaty.

"An abrogation of the treaty will cause a large decrease in your stove shipments to these islands.

"An order for another carload of ranges and stoves will go forward by the next mail. Yours very truly, 'W. W. DIMOND.'

"By this last mail I received Mr. Gunderson's reply. Here it is, with the letters from Senator McMillan and Representative Corliss:

"Detroit, Mich., April 23, 1897. 'W. W. Dimond, Esq., Honolulu:

"Dear Sir:—I enclose herewith letters from our Senator and Representative. I wish to assure you that we and our friends will do all possible to protect the Hawaiian treaty.

"Your carload of stoves will be ready for shipment in a few days.

"Yours very truly, 'G. B. GUNDERSON, 'Secretary, Detroit Stove Works.'

"United States Senate. 'April 16, 1897.

"Dear Sir:—I am in receipt of your letter of April 10, in regard to the continuation of the Hawaiian Reciprocity Treaty, and will give careful consideration to what you say when the tariff bill is before the Senate. Yours truly, 'JAMES MC MILLAN.

"G. P. Gunderson, Esq., Detroit Stove Works, Detroit, Michigan.

"House of Representatives, United States, Washington, D. C. 'Detroit, Mich., April 20, 1897.

"Detroit Stove Works, Detroit, Mich.: 'Gentlemen:—The reciprocity clause in the tariff bill will be sufficient, in my judgment, to not only continue, but establish new treaties for the benefit of our manufacturers under reciprocity. Very truly yours, 'JOHN B. CORLISS.'

"The members are careful in what they say, but I believe other influence will be brought to bear on them, and those from other districts so that good results will follow."

Judge Hartwell Returns. Hon. A. S. Hartwell, who has been in Washington for some months past returned by the City of Peking last night. After leaving Washington he visited Boston and did not meet Mr. Kinney. In reply to a question by a reporter he said "I am hopeful of the treaty but too tired tonight to talk about it. The fight is on now and it is a keen one."

Tahiti's Insurrection. WASHINGTON, April 26.—Phillippe Edouard Marsan, a Frenchman just arrived from the island of Tahiti, in the South Seas, reports to Washington officials that the insurrection of seven weeks ago was only quelled by the arrival of a French war vessel and a British gunboat. The malcontents of the island, who complain of the taxes levied by the French Republic, have formed a confederacy with a disreputable refugee class known as "beach-combers," and this last party is the disturbing element that is constantly advocating a change of government. The insurrectionists want either autonomy or annexation to the United States. They believe that the island would be a strategic point for the United States in time of war.

VERMIFORM APPENDIX. The vermiform appendix is known to science as a vestigial organ. It was once larger and played an important part in the digestive operations of the human system, but, like the tonsils and wisdom teeth, has fallen into disuse, hence it is imperfectly nourished and especially liable to disease. The false notion that appendicitis is caused by a grape seed or some foreign substance finding an entrance to this little organ, whose interior is only large enough to admit a small darning needle, has no foundation in fact. It is atrophied by disuse, and is unable to throw off disease as do the stomach, lungs, heart and other organs. It is composed of lymphoid tissue, which is lowest in scale of material in the body. The true cause of disease is inflammation and consequent gangrene in the tissue. Recently surgeons have found that the removal of the organ is the simplest of operations, but it should be done within a few hours after the first symptoms appear. They are: 1. A sudden attack, coming on when the patient is, apparently, in perfect health, and without warning. 2. A sharp pain in the center of the abdomen. 3. A sore spot, painful to the touch, located exactly where the incision must be made. The appendix is generally, but not always,

found on the right of the abdominal center. The disease seldom attacks people except between the ages of 10 and 30 years. The proportion is 80 per cent males and 20 per cent females. It has recently been discovered that in the latter an extra vessel supplies blood to the appendix, which in males is only nourished from minute veins in the web that holds it in place.

A GREAT SINGER'S ROMANCE.

That is a pretty little romance told by the life of Christine Nilsson, the once celebrated singer. In childhood she wandered, a poor, barefooted little girl, on the Swedish hills. Future greatness was probably never thought of even in her wildest dreams. It was by accident that her wonderful talent was discovered and that she was given the opportunity to perfect herself in her art, become one of the greatest songstresses the world has ever known, and later in life return to her native land as the wife of the Spanish Ambassador to Sweden—Count de la Miranda. Such romances are often told in stories, but they occur but rarely in real life.

Warm Debilitating Weather.

Many people, after a long spell of oppressive heat, suffer from lassitude, loss of spirits, and a general "run down" feeling. They need a course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, a medicine which has revived and restored to active life and health thousands of such sufferers. A lady recently returned to England from South Africa writes concerning this

"Wonderful Medicine"

"While in Cape Town the past summer I suffered greatly from long-continued heat. I was completely worn out; my blood seemed to become as thin as water, and I lost all energy and interest in life. My friends recommended Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and a course of this wonderful medicine restored my health and spirits. My husband suffered in the same way as I did, though not to such an extent, and he also was greatly benefited from the use of

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

AYER'S PILLS, MILD BUT EFFECTIVE.

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, LIMITED, AGENTS.

FURNITURE NEWS

April furniture selling exceeds all months in the year with us. Not that the month makes the price; but our orders in December for April delivery saves us a lot, and you get the benefit. We can sell as cheap in July if there are any left-overs but there are not--often.

We are making new records this month--others may be tempted to copy, but where's the use, our prices are the lowest--everybody acknowledges that. Such values are not to be missed.

Enamelled Iron Bedsteads

with full brass trimmings, are among the prettiest novelties introduced in the furniture line. We have a half dozen styles, one prettier than the other. Full width and length, made for wear and comfort. Kings sleep on the \$12 style, why not you?

It's only fair to repeat the notice we have had before. We do reupholstering at a trifle above cost of material: this is an odd season and we must keep our factory men busy. It doesn't pay to spend even a little money in making over cheap furniture, but it does pay to reupholster really good frames.

HOPP & CO.

Furniture Dealers. KING AND BETHEL STREETS.

HOLLISTER & CO.

Tobacconists,

Cor. Fort & Merchant Sts.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

Havana Cigars

FROM THE FACTORIES OF

La Intimidad,

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La Africana,

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MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS

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Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS,

NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA.

HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,

FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid. Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts.

No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and of excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.

The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept constantly on hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

Write for Samples

And Compare Prices!

We have a country order department that will attend to your wants and save you anywhere from 25 to 50 cents on every dollar.

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Are coming forward by every steamer and are being "Distributed all over the Islands."

A single yard or article at wholesale prices.

Queen Street, Honolulu.

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The Pacific Hardware Co. Ltd., have added largely to their stock of goods by late arrivals--and as always, are giving their customers full value for their money.

"Universal Stoves are the best and sell on arrival. An invoice at hand and another on the way."

Revere Garden Hose, Granite, has no equal.

New Ideal Sewing Machine, are guaranteed.

The Cyclone Wind mill--"Survival of the fittest."

A few years test has put competitors out of the field--orders follow faster than they can be filled.

New Goods all around at Lowest Prices.